

INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTICS WITH AXLE

GRADES 6–8

This document lists the Mississippi learning standards addressed by Introduction to Robotics with Axle, True Robotics' grades 6–8 robotics curriculum. Standards are grouped by subject and grade level, with codes and wording as published by the Mississippi Department of Education.

36

MATH

14

SCIENCE

1

CS

51

TOTAL STANDARDS

MATHEMATICS

36 STANDARDS

Based on the Mississippi state standards

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
6	6.NS.1	Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions by fractions, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem.
6	6.NS.8	Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate.
6	6.EE.5	Solve an equation or inequality and understand the process by answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.
6	6.EE.6	Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.
6	6.EE.7	Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x + p = q$ and $px = q$ for cases in which p , q and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.
6	6.EE.9	Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another. Write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation.
6	6.G.1	Find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes; apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
6	6.G.2	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = lwh$ and $V = Bh$ to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
6	6.G.4	Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
6	6.SP.1	Recognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and accounts for it in the answers.
6	6.SP.2	Understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread, and overall shape.
6	6.SP.5c	Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by: Giving quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range), as well as describing any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.
7	7.RP.1	Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas and other quantities measured in like or different units.
7	7.RP.2b	Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships.
7	7.RP.2c	Represent proportional relationships by equations.
7	7.RP.2d	Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$ where r is the unit rate.
7	7.RP.3	Use proportional relationships to solve multistep ratio and percent problems.
7	7.NS.1c	Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
7	7.NS.1d	Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.
7	7.NS.2c	Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
7	7.NS.3	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers.
7	7.EE.4a	Solve word problems leading to equations of the form $px + q = r$ and $p(x + q) = r$, where p , q , and r are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach.
7	7.G.1	Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including computing actual lengths and areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.
7	7.G.4	Know the formulas for the area and circumference of a circle and use them to solve problems; give an informal derivation of the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
7	7.G.6	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, volume and surface area of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals and polygons including cubes, right prisms, and pyramids.
8	8.NS.1	Know that numbers that are not rational are called irrational. Understand informally that every number has a decimal expansion; for rational numbers show that the decimal expansion repeats eventually and convert a decimal expansion which repeats eventually into a rational number.
8	8.NS.2	Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers, locate them approximately on a number line diagram, and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., π^2).
8	8.EE.5	Graph proportional relationships, interpreting the unit rate as the slope of the graph. Compare two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.
8	8.EE.8a	Understand that solutions to a system of two linear equations in two variables correspond to points of intersection of their graphs, because points of intersection satisfy both equations simultaneously.
8	8.EE.8b	Solve systems of two linear equations in two variables algebraically and estimate solutions by graphing the equations. Solve simple cases by inspection.
8	8.EE.8c	Solve real-world and mathematical problems leading to two linear equations in two variables.
8	8.F.3	Interpret the equation $y = mx + b$ as defining a linear function, whose graph is a straight line; give examples of functions that are not linear.
8	8.F.4	Construct a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities. Determine the rate of change and initial value of the function from a description of a relationship or from two (x, y) values, including reading these from a table or from a graph. Interpret the rate of change and initial value of a linear function in terms of the situation it models, and in terms of its graph or a table of values.
8	8.G.7	Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to determine unknown side lengths in right triangles in real-world and mathematical problems in two and three dimensions.
8	8.G.8	Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find the distance between two points in a coordinate system.
8	8.G.9	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems

SCIENCE

14 STANDARDS

Based on the Mississippi state standards

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
6	L.6.1.6	Develop and use models to show relationships among the increasing complexity of multicellular organisms (cells, tissues, organs, organ systems, organisms) and how they serve the needs of the organism.

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
6	L.6.3.3	Analyze cause and effect relationships to explore how changes in the physical environment (limiting factors, natural disasters) can lead to population changes within an ecosystem.
6	L.6.3.5	Develop and use food chains, webs, and pyramids to analyze how energy is transferred through an ecosystem from producers (autotrophs) to consumers (heterotrophs, including humans) to decomposers.
6	P.6.6.1	Use an engineering design process to create or improve safety devices (e.g., seat belts, car seats, helmets) by applying Newton's Laws of motion. Use an engineering design process to define the problem, design, construct, evaluate, and improve the safety device.
6	P.6.6.2	Use mathematical computation and diagrams to calculate the sum of forces acting on various objects.
6	P.6.6.5	Conduct investigations to predict and explain the motion of an object according to its position, direction, speed, and acceleration.
6	P.6.6.7	Determine the relationships between the concepts of potential, kinetic, and thermal energy.
7	L.7.3.1	Analyze diagrams to provide evidence of the importance of the cycling of water, oxygen, carbon, and nitrogen through ecosystems to organisms.
7	P.7.5A.1	Collect and evaluate qualitative data to describe substances using physical properties (state, boiling/melting point, density, heat/electrical conductivity, color, and magnetic properties).
7	P.7.5B.1	Make predictions about the effect of temperature and pressure on the relative motion of atoms and molecules (speed, expansion, and condensation) relative to recent breakthroughs in polymer and materials science (e.g., self-healing protective films, silicone computer processors, previous/porous concrete).
7	P.7.5B.3	Ask questions to explain how density of matter (observable in various objects) is affected by a change in heat and/or pressure.
8	L.8.2B.4	Debate the ethics of artificial selection (selective breeding, genetic engineering) and the societal impacts of humans changing the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.
8	P.8.6.3	Conduct simple investigations about the performance of waves to describe their behavior (e.g., refraction, reflection, transmission, and absorption) as they interact with various materials (e.g., lenses, mirrors, and prisms).
8	P.8.6.4	Use scientific processes to plan and conduct controlled investigations to conclude sound is a wave phenomenon that is characterized by amplitude and frequency.

COMPUTER SCIENCE

7 STANDARDS

Based on the Mississippi state standards

GRADE	CODE	STANDARD
6	E6.ALG.08	Design, represent, and test algorithms that use variables by applying sequence, events, iteration, and selection.
6	E6.ALG.09	Compare rule-based and data-driven approaches to solving simple problems by using AI model outputs and examining how training data, including potential biases, can influence results.
6	E6.SAS.23	Identify hardware and software components in industry devices.
7–8	FS.CAS.04	Evaluate the societal and environmental impacts of emerging technologies, including those that lead to inequities in access and outcomes.
7–8	FS.PRO.20	Create modular programs that use procedures, modules, or objects to improve reusability and readability.
7–8	FS.PRO.24	Implement algorithms from pseudocode into working programs and analyze how program components and structures work together to control flow, manage data, and solve problems effectively.
7–8	FS.SAS.49	Diagram a network of computing systems, including hardware and software.

SOURCES & NOTES

- The official mathematics, science and computer science standards for Mississippi, as published by the Mississippi Department of Education.
- Codes and standard wording are reproduced from the official standards documents. Clarification statements, examples and assessment boundaries are omitted.
- Grade shows the grade level at which True Robotics lessons address each standard. A range (for example K–2) marks a standard written for a grade band.
- Standards text remains the property of its publisher and is reproduced here for alignment reference only.
- A lesson-level crosswalk is available on request at info@truerobotics.org.